



JOHN D. ROCKEFELLER, THE OIL KING. HAS GIVEN OVER \$500,000,000 (GOLD) TO CHARITIES AND PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS, AND SIAM HAS BENEFITED IN NO MEAN DEGREE FROM HIS LARGE-HEARTED GENEROSITY, WHICH HAS TENDED TO ALLEVIATE SUFFERING AND FURTHER ADVANCEMENT THROUGHOUT THE WORLD.

จอห์น ดี. รอคเฟลเลอร์ เจ้าแห่งน้ำมัน ได้อุทิศเงินกว่า ๕๐๐,๐๐๐,๐๐๐ เหรียญทอง เพื่อการกุศลและสมาคมสาธารณประโยชน์ต่างๆ สยามได้รับประโยชน์ไม่น้อยจากความเอื้อเฟื้อโอบอ้อมอารีนี้ ซึ่งเป็นความช่วยเหลือบรรเทาความทุกข์ร้อน และให้ความเจริญก้าวหน้าทั่วโลก.

nursing and public health instruction. It also, organised a parade for popular membership for the first time at the end of March last, and it has recently held its second public health exhibition."

His Majesty then proceeded to cover a lot of ground in a brief review:—

"In the important matter of education, a beginning has been made, in co-operation with the Rockefeller Foundation, to re-organize the Faculty of Medicine in the Chulalongkorn Uni-

versity, and it is to be trusted that this Faculty has now reached the full university standard of higher education.

"As regards irrigation, the construction work on the Pasak South Canal System has been completed, and it has already been utilized for agricultural purposes.

"A commencement has, also, been made of the Subarn project. The necessary survey has been carried out, and the construction work will be started before long.

"In foreign affairs, we have continued to maintain the same cordial, good relations with all foreign Powers. We have been in collaboration with the League of Nations, and we have participated in a number of conferences for the regulation of international affairs. On the recent occasion of the great calamity in Japan, we sent a sum of fifty thousand ticals to help the Japanese Government, while the National Red Cross Society, on its part, opened a separate subscription, the proceeds of which it sent to the Japanese Red Cross Society."

Then came a memorable pronouncement of a matter of public utility in the speedy adoption of which Siam had every reason to congratulate herself. It was this:—

"The Air Service is another matter worthy of mention. Last year, experiments were made with a view to transport by air mails and goods between Korat, Roi Ech and Ubol. In view of the continued progress realized in this direction the Air Mail Service was put upon a basis more definite than the experimental; and, in order to meet the expenditure incurred, permission was given at the beginning of the year to double the postage for certain categories of parcels to be sent by the Air Mail. A second line has, subsequently, been opened between Korat, Roi Ech, Udorn and Nongkhai, and there has also been collaboration with French Indo-China with a view to a further extension of the air mail route."

Railway matters were then dealt with by His Majesty in the ensuing terms:—



HERR TH. COLLMANN, DIRECTOR-GENERAL OF POST AND TELEGRAPHS PRIOR TO SIAMESE TAKING UP THE MAJOR APPOINTMENT, FOR WHICH HE SO ABLY TRAINED THEM. CARRIED OUT HIS DUTIES WITH CONSPICUOUS ABILITY. NOW IN GENERAL POST OFFICE IN BERLIN.

แฮร์ ช. คอลแมน ผู้อำนวยการกรมไปรษณีย์โทรเลขและ
โทรศัพท์ ก่อนตั้งเป็นกรมใหญ่ นายคอลแมนได้จัดการควบคุม
ฝึกหัดข้าราชการชั้นผู้ใหญ่อย่างดี รักษาหน้าที่มาโดยความสามารถเป็น
อย่างดียิ่ง เวลารับราชการอยู่กรมไปรษณีย์ ณ กรุงเบอร์ลิน.

certain war-lords may wax fat and pay their soldiery?

4.—Is opium-smoking a real evil, presuming, as there is every reason to believe, that for every individual who was addicted to the habit to excess, there were one hundred who renewed their physical, and perhaps even mental, powers by the timely use of a sedative which, whatever its detractors many say, made the Chinese the most patient and hard-working race in the world; and that, moreover, in the tropics? Everything can be done to excess. There is a record of two bottles of whisky per day per

man, and 110 cigarettes, and also the Yorkshire-miner who ate the edible parts of a calf, for a mild wager, in the form of very satisfying pies before he desisted to prepare for the battle-royal. But apparently no exceptionality was related to the last-named experience. Then, again, of course, good Queen Bess had a surfeit of gowns before Beau Brummel wasted his manhood on waistcoats, or an enterprising London tailor and hatter got mobbed in the Mall for appearing in the first "topper"—a course of proceeding which, we feel quite sure, that long-suffering posterity would cordially endorse.

5.—Has this sacrifice of Tes.7,000,000 on opium and a like amount on gambling, representing together over 15 per cent. of the revenue of to-day which, by its declination and the absence of additional taxation, been largely responsible for that drastic retrenchment which so many have had to deplore? But there is more to be said than that for this national outburst of philanthropy, for we have no hesitation in saying that the *soi-disant* opium-suppression has resulted in a vast increase not only of smuggling, but in illicit growth and traffic in the plant in those away-back districts where immunity could be obtained: while, as for gambling, on which we have touched elsewhere, has that diminution aimed at really been achieved? If we go by the numerous arrests made in orchard and jungle patches of those in the minor world, then there is something to be said in the affirmative; but has the Act been observed in the spirit as well as the letter; or, in other words, has its application been to all alike?—Ed.]

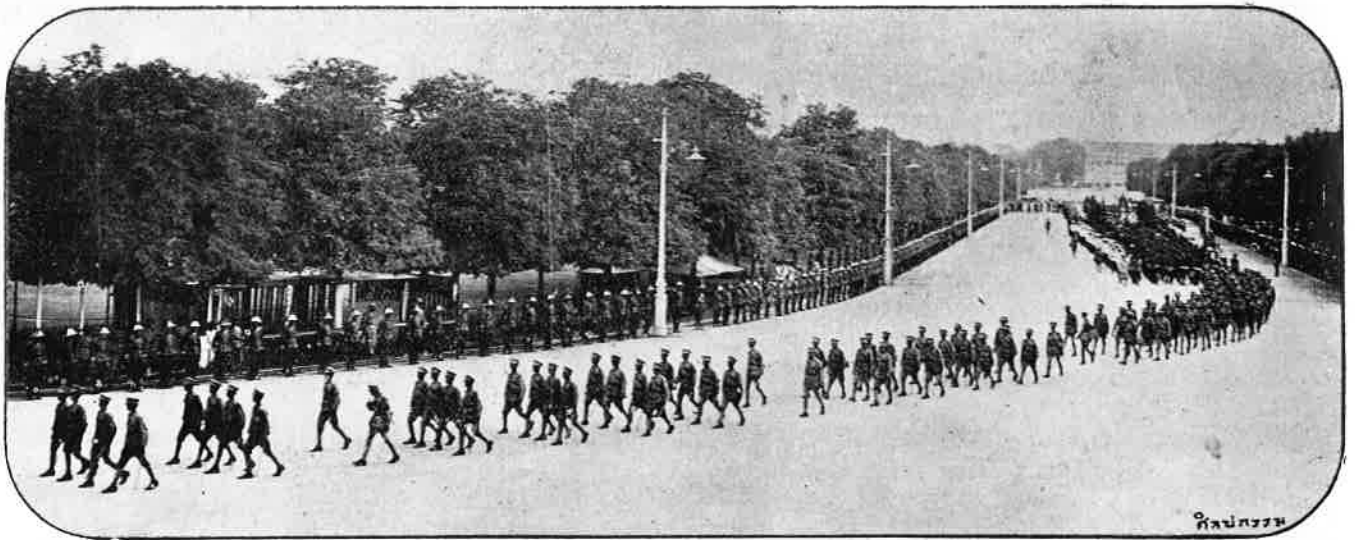
"With regard to international relations, besides the co-operation which we have lent by participating in deliberations and decisions bearing upon international affairs, in general, I ought to mention our new Extradition Treaty with the United States of America which was promulgated on the 24th March last. More important still is the conclusion of a new Treaty of Friendship and Commerce with Japan which

and who, on that occasion, had been introduced to the Crown Prince, invited him to spend a day with him at Wilmington, which His Royal Highness did, and, on the day following, moved, by invitation, to Chestnut Hill, Philadelphia, where he renewed his acquaintance with Mr. Potter, whom he had met during his travels in Europe, at the time when the latter was representing his country at Rome. There His Royal Highness inspected some large weaving mills, and, on the following days other large commercial concerns, together with the arsenal, connected with the locality, not, of course, forgetting a most interesting inspection of such local institutions as the museum and other places.

On the 21st of that month His Royal Highness returned to New York, where he resided at the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel in the suite of rooms set apart formerly for Prince Henry of Prussia. There, His Royal Highness was visited by Mr. Peirce, representing the President, and by the Mayor of New York City, and on the following day many notabilities were received by His Royal Highness, including

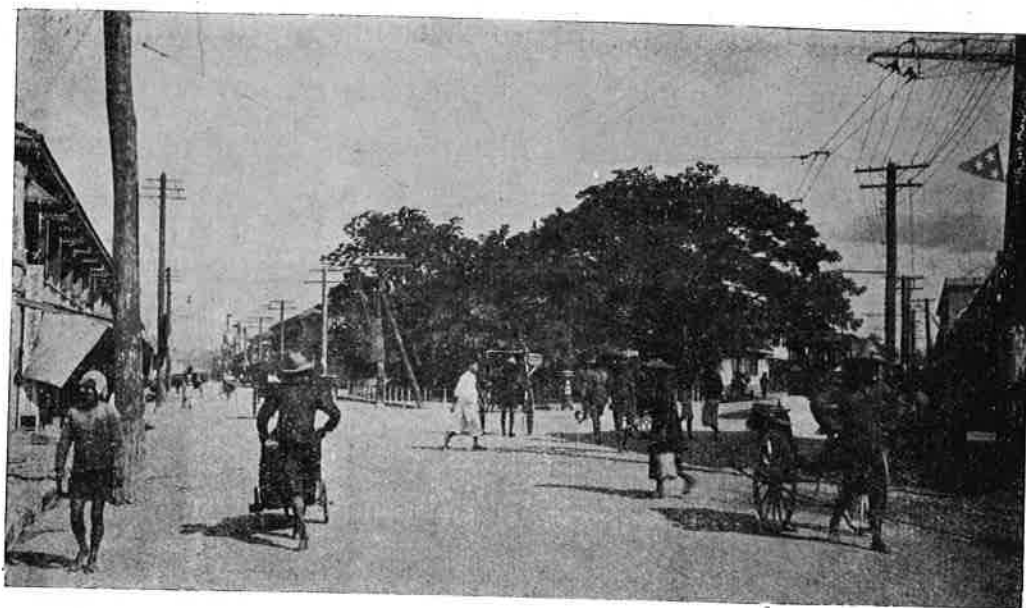
General Frederick Grant, a son-in-law of the former President of the Republic, who, it is interesting to note, was personally acquainted with Bangkok. On the next day His Royal Highness proceeded by the gunboat "Dolphin" to West Point, south of Florida, where he inspected the well-known military training academy, at which a special cavalry display was given in his honour. Then, returning to New York, His Royal Highness visited the Stock Exchange and the Surety Building, and in the evening was entertained to dinner by Mr. Lowe, the Major, at the Metropolitan Club. On the next day, Columbia University was inspected, after which a visit was paid to the tomb of President Grant, whose name will always stand out so prominently in the history of the United States,

After this, His Royal Highness visited the then new underground railway of the city, and then attended a special display given by the City fire-brigades in commemoration of his visit. In the evening, the Crown Prince was entertained to dinner by the celebrated Lotus Club, at which, of course, there was a very



PROCESSION CONVEYING THE REMAINS OF HIS LATE
ROYAL HIGHNESS PRINCE BISNULOK TO THE
CREMATORIUM.

ขบวนแห่พระศพจอมพลสมเด็จพระอนุชาธิราช
เจ้าฟ้ากรมหลวงพิศณุโลกประชานารถ



CHAROEN KRUNG ROAD, SAMYEK,
BANGKOK.

ถนนเจริญกรุง ตอนสามแยก

large gathering of those most prominent in the national artistic life. The next day was occupied by a visit to Mr. Hyde's (a millionaire's) residence on Long Island, where a coach-and-four, driven by His Royal Highness, enabled an inspection to be made of the forest there. On the day following, the Crown Prince was invited to lunch at the Lawyers' Club by Judge Holls, who represented Siam's judicial interests at the International Section which had been founded at the Hague in Holland; and there were present many of the most prominent members of the legal profession to meet His Royal Highness; and then, in the evening, the latter took dinner again at the Metropolitan Club on the invitation of the Presbyterian Missionary Society, for whom Dr. Brown, formerly of Siam, acted as host and proposed the toast of the evening.

On the 28th, the day before leaving, His Royal Highness, in return for the hospitality which he had received, entertained at dinner a large party of those chiefly representative of the great American city's life.

Next day, the Crown Prince left for the old city of Boston, where he was received by the

Governor of Massachusetts, Mr. Crane, and the Mayor of the city, who conducted him personally to the Somerset Hotel, which had been specially prepared for his reception; and then, in the evening, a banquet was given by the Governor in his honour in a vast hall in the establishment which was beautifully decorated for the occasion with silken drapery and a splendid floral display, a very prominent feature being the Siamese national ensign, which at that time consisted of a white elephant on a red background; a device which has, as is well known, since been changed. During the course of the evening the two loyal toasts were then proposed and honoured in a manner which pertained to the anti-prohibitionist days.

Leaving Boston, after a most enjoyable stay, during which the naval return visits were paid, the Royal party proceeded to inspect a school at Southboro', where, as before, His Royal Highness was most enthusiastically received by Mr. Thayer, the Principal; and, after witnessing a football match, he was entertained to dinner at the "Tavern Club", a well-known social centre of the locality.

On the next day, His Royal Highness paid

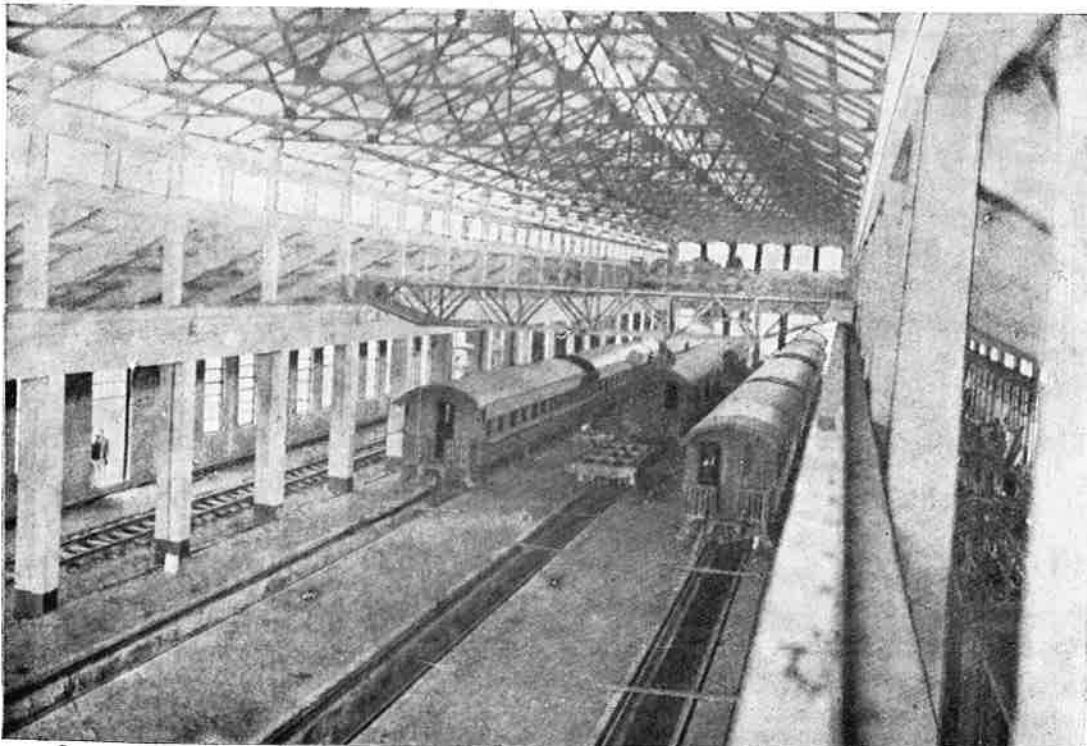
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a special visit of inspection to Waltham, the place where the watches of that name come from, in order to view the process of their evolution. There he found that a vast labour force was occupied in, literally doing time; namely one-third representing male adultage, and the balance, those women and children who have universally been found of such infinite use in picking up the threads, and perhaps crumbs, dropped by their lords and masters. The total was no less than 3,200; all Time! The cost of this large agency devised for the benevolent object of keeping humanity strictly right up to date, was stated to be no less than \$2,000 (gold) per week, in wages alone, for which a yield of 2,500 watches, excluding the cases, was not only looked for, but demanded. On His Royal Highness' arrival, he was met by Mr. Robbins, the manager, who presented to him a gold Waltham watch with the Royal monogram inscribed thereon, and then, after a most interesting tour through the works, the Crown

Prince took lunch in a room specially prepared there for him, before leaving for Lynn, where he inspected a large boot factory, employing 1,400 men, and which was capable of turning out from 3,000 to 5,000 pairs per day. From this hive of industry and productivity, His Royal Highness proceeded forthwith to view another factory, which made a speciality of manufacturing electrical apparatus generally. Thus was brought to an end a most interesting day.

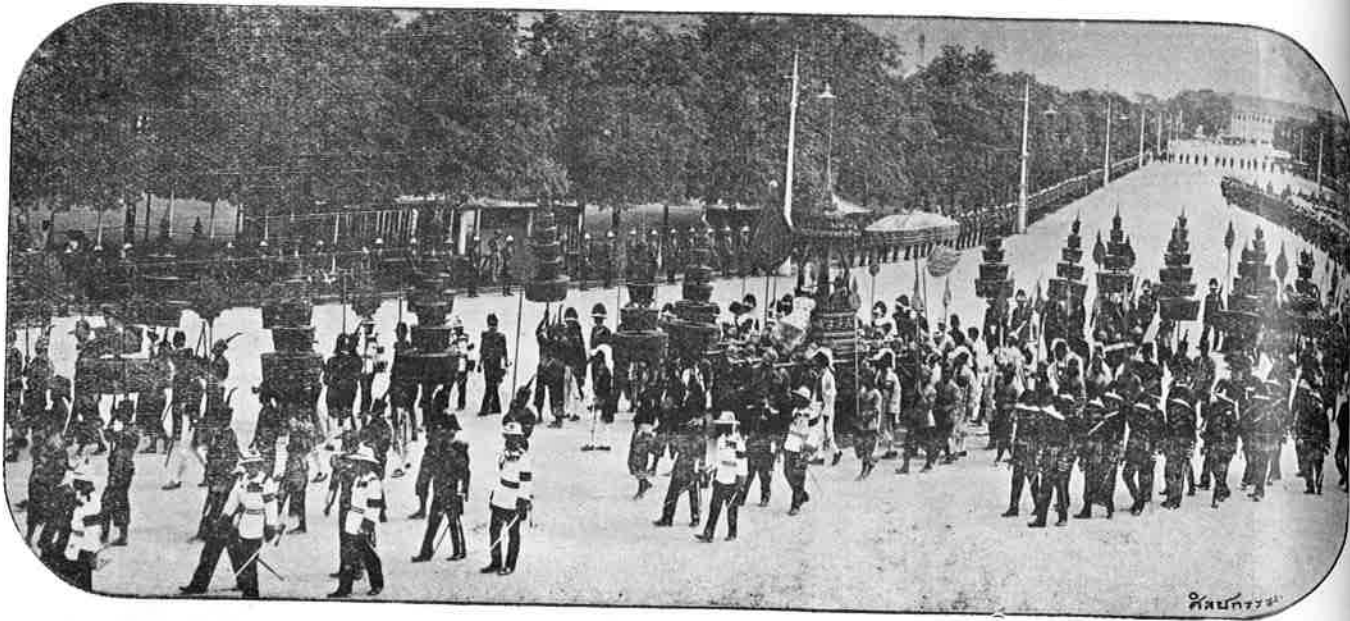
On the 1st November, His Royal Highness proceeded to visit Harvard University for the second time, and was received by Mr. Eliot, President of the institution, and then proceeded to inspect the various Departments, including the place where the famous "racing" boats were kept.

During the course of this tour, Professor Lanman presented to the Crown Prince a book written formerly on Buddhism by Mr. Henry C. Warren, to whom had been presented [presumably by His Majesty King Chulalongkorn.—Ed.]



INTERIOR OF CENTRAL RAILWAY STATION,
BANGKOK.

ภายในสถานีรถไฟใหญ่ หัวลำโพง



PROCESSION CONVEYING THE REMAINS OF H. M.
KING CHULALONGKORN FROM THE DUSIT
PALACE TO THE GRAND PALACE.

ขบวนแห่พระบรมศพพระบาทสมเด็จพระ
พระรามาธิบดีที่ ๕

a set of volumes bearing on the "Trinity of Buddha." After this, His Royal Highness inspected the numerous lecture rooms and arrived at the great hall where the students were engaged in the important matter of demonstrating the truth of the adage, "mens sana in corpore sano," or, putting it in strictly modern phraseology, "having grub." This, however, made no difference, for when they saw His Royal Highness, they rose to a man, and cheered him to the echo. The Principal then invited him to lunch in the great assembly-room of the institution, after which he witnessed an exhibition of American football as given by the University team in the presence of 18,000 spectators.

On leaving Harvard, His Royal Highness was entertained at a farewell dinner by Mr. Peirce, who, as representing the President, had accompanied him throughout his tour; and then, on the following day, the Royal party left by special train on a visit to the White Mountains

and thence to Syracuse, where the great factory which turned out the Smith-Premier type-writer was, and, we believe, is still, situated [though now amalgamated with the Remington Company, —Ed.] was inspected under the personal guidance of Mr. Lyman Cornelius Smith, the then proprietor of that huge concern, which was capable at the time of turning out one hundred complete machines per day. After this, His Royal Highness proceeded by easy stages on his journey westwards, i.e. towards home. His next stopping place was Buffalo, just before coming to Niagara Falls City, on the United States side of the boundary. The party then visited the Falls and the power stations, for it must not be forgotten that the main or "Horseshoe Fall" is in Canadian territory, whereas the smaller one, formed by the intervention of Goat Island, is entirely in the United States, and therefore both countries utilise the enormous natural power given to them to aid their industries, Canada up to 400 miles distant. As one stands on teh

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suspension bridge spanning the rapids, one can easily see the cruel-looking jagged rock which, fitfully emerging from the torrent, was the cause of the death of Captain Webb, who until comparatively recently stood out as the one and only man who had ever swum across the English Channel, and who still holds, and will probably continue to hold, the time record for that wonderful achievement. He met his death by attempting to swim from the foot of the Niagara Falls down to the rapids past the great vortex of a whirlpool, on to the sea. But as we have said, one brutal rock, aided by a current running at, at least, 12 miles an hour, caused a brave man to meet an untimely death. Incidentally, we may mention that we know this locality well, and when we were just on the Canadian side of the suspension bridge in 1916, i.e. in the thick of the Great War, a grey-haired sergeant on duty nodded his head in the direction of a pill-box-like structure which, it transpired however, put through a surprising amount of

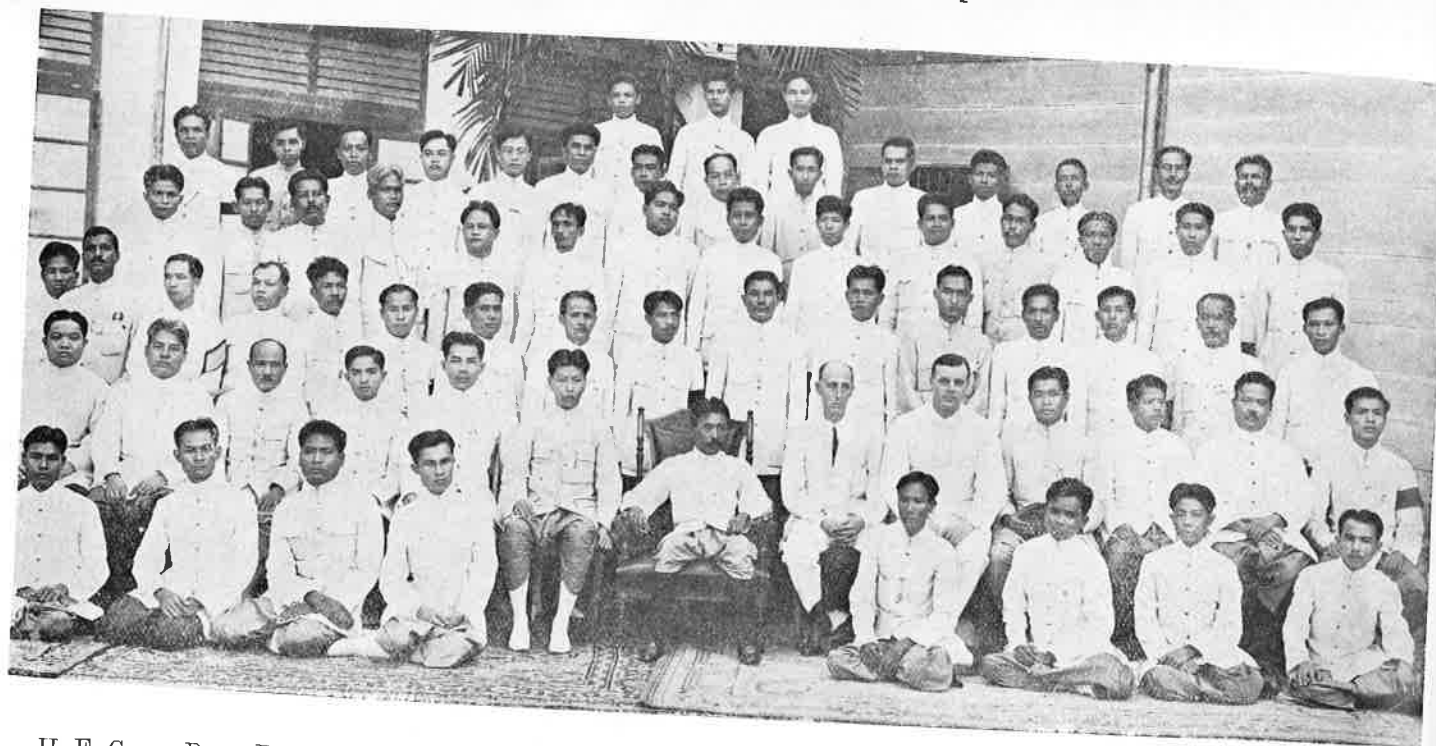
business in the recruiting line ; and that not altogether, by any means, from the one side !

After viewing Niagara and its environment, His Royal Highness and party returned to Buffalo, whence, on the following morning, they proceeded to Pittsburg, for the purpose of inspecting the world-renowned steel-works which are connected with that city, and with the name of the man who had built up the great national industry, Andrew Carnegie. Mr. Carnegie met His Royal Highness in person and conducted him over the whole of the great system which he had evolved. His (Andrew Carnegie's) rise in life had been a marvellous one, due entirely to himself, for, when placed as a mere little nipper to watch a steam-pressure indicator and to pull a plug at the necessary juncture, he duly carried out his orders in the orthodox manner, until one day the arrival of the tempter, in the shape of other youths of, perhaps, less industrious habits, led him to bemoan his fate in having to neglect the



VIEW OF LAMPUNJAI ROAD, BANGKOK.

ถนนลำพูนไชย พระนคร



H. E. CHOW PHYA BOLADEB, MINISTER OF LANDS AND AGRICULTURE, AND HIS STAFF, (1923).

๑ พณ ๑ เจ้าพระยาพลเทพกับ ข้าราชการ
กระทรวงเกษตรธิการ พ.ศ. ๒๔๖๖

beloved game of marbles for the mere purpose of preserving an unsportsmanlike boiler intact; and he thereupon set his great little "brain-box" going to such a tune that, when shortly afterwards a works inspector found him "knuckling down" to the, apparently, entire neglect of his work, he straightway hauled him over to the boiler, only to witness that the supposed dereliction of duty existed only in his own mind, for a very juvenile brain had solved a problem which had for long puzzled the engineering profession, and had evolved an automatic safety valve which will enable future generations of budding Andrew Carnegies to play marbles without any irritating interruption. His Royal Highness then, on the invitation of Mr. Torrance, visited his extensive works for the preparation of every kind of enamel. Then, after lunching at the proprietor's house, he took train once more for Chicago, the largest city, barring one, throughout the length and breadth of that land where big things are so popularly the vogue. There,

in Chicago, His Royal Highness passed two days and a night, during which he paid visits of inspection to the various universities and chief schools, preparatory to passing on to St. Louis, which was then in the throes of preparation for the exhibition due to be held in the year following.

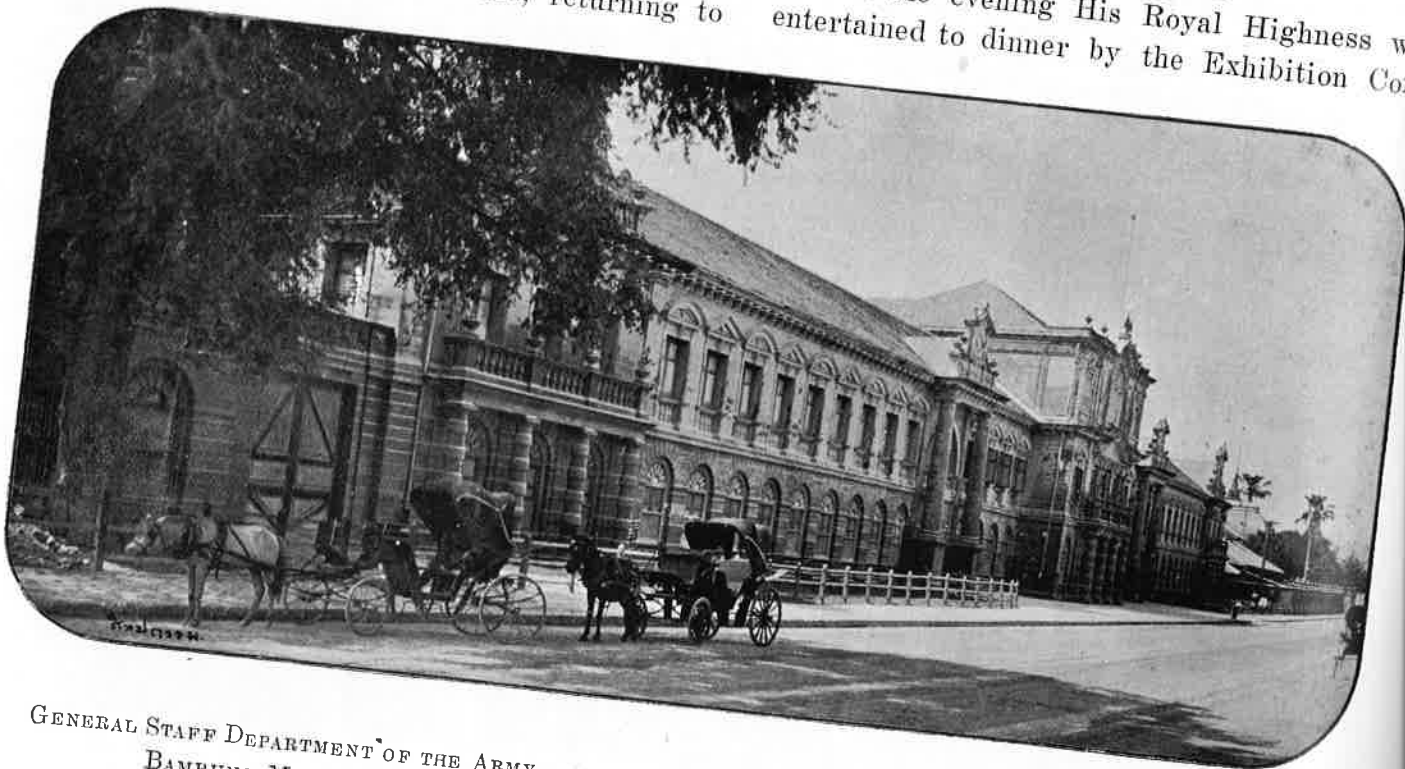
Meanwhile, His Royal Highness Prince Pitsanulok, who had accompanied the Crown Prince throughout his tour since leaving Europe, took farewell of him, and, with his suite, started off on the 4th Nov. on their return to St. Petersburg, where, as has already been mentioned, His Royal Highness was completing his education.

While in Chicago, the Crown Prince was invited by Mr. Melville E. Stone, Manager of the Associated Press, who had already been presented to him in New York, to dinner at the Chicago Club, where a round table had been prepared with a fountain worked by electricity in the centre, and the base of this was tastefully decorated with views depicting national life in

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Siam. It is also worthy of mention that the attendance in this instance was entrusted to Japanese, in the vast hall, which was decorated with Siamese and American flags alone. There were present on this occasion the American Ambassador to the Court of Russia, the Mayor of Chicago, and the proprietors of the leading local newspapers. Dinner over, His Royal Highness attended a performance at one of the principal theatres, where, between acts, the French Ambassador to Washington had the honour of being presented. Then, on the following morning, a visit was paid to the largest pork-producing works (presumably Armour's) in the world, as the result of a special invitation, after which the Royal visitor lunched with Mr. James Deering, who was one of Chicago's foremost citizens and, incidentally, one of the many millionaires for which that great commercial city is famous. After this, in the afternoon, Mr. J. Arthur Caton, invited His Royal Highness to drive himself out to the Coaching Club in a four-in-hand, returning to

his hotel after taking tea, and then entertained to dinner all those members of the community whose hospitality he had received, and then at 11.45 that night he left by train for St. Louis, where he was received by the Mayor and the members of the Commission for the forthcoming exhibition. Shortly afterwards, His Royal Highness paid a visit of sympathy to the residence of the Mayor, after which he made a tour on a specially-prepared train of the environs of the city, and then proceeded to inspect, under the guidance of Mr. Frazer, President of the Committee, the spacious exhibition ground in a coach-and-four. The site was regarded locally as being distinctly on the extensive side, but when one comes to weigh out the figures given, it must have been but a mere flea-bite compared with that on which the are about to hold the exhibition here. But then of course, we must not forget that we are having the use of a great national park. In the evening His Royal Highness was entertained to dinner by the Exhibition Com-



GENERAL STAFF DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY,
BAMRUNG MUANG ROAD.

กรมเสนาธิการที่ทหารบก
ถนนบำรุงเมือง



MINISTRY OF WAR, SANAM JAYA ROAD,
AND BETWEEN BAMRUNG AND LAK MUANG ROAD.

กระทรวงกระลาโหม ถนนสนามไชย และหว่าง
ถนนบำรุงเมือง กับถนนหลักเมือง

mittee, after which he proceeded to a horse show which was being held there, and received a most enthusiastic reception from a very large gathering in his honour, and thence he went back to his train, which, at midnight, left for Kansas City, which he reached at 10 a.m. the next day. This centre he inspected from a carriage driven by himself, and then passed on to Colorado Springs, which he reached at 8.30 a.m. next day (the 10th). There he stayed for two days, asking the authorities to regard his visit as a purely private one, since there were several places, such as the Palmer Park and the Gardens of the Gods, in the latter of which there were many wonderful specimens of sculpture, which he wished to visit in perfect quiet. On the same day, the Crown Prince visited the celebrated Manitou Springs, and in the evening he was hospitably entertained by the leading citizens of the locality, with Dr. Anderson presiding. Next morning he paid an official visit to the Mayor, and then passed on, by special invitation, to inspect the High School, of both boys and girls. There he was cordially welcomed by the Principal and by the 800 scholars of the institution, who sang before His Royal Highness,

while the cadet corps gave a display. Then followed a visit to Cheyene Mountain, where he lunched at the local club.

Next day, at 11 a.m., the Crown Prince left by special train for the "Royal Gorge" tunnel. Then, on the following day, he arrived at Santa Fé, an old Spanish town, where he visited a small church that was built of mud, yet which had the reputation of being the oldest place of Christian worship in the continent. On leaving this town, the royal train passed through one of the chief Indian reservations; and on approaching a large boys' school, slowed down as the scholars who were drawn up in honour of His Royal Highness beside the line, saluted. A little later, he visited an Indian village of about one thousand inhabitants, who lived in small huts of sun-baked bricks; and though they appeared to be entirely ignorant of English, yet there was a general cry of "Good-bye" as the Royal train started to proceed on its way.

On the following morning the Royal party arrived at Grand Canyon, where they proceeded by coach to inspect the world-renowned natural spectacle, a visit which occupied two days, and then they arrived in California at Santiago and

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San Diego, and proceeded to visit the celebrated Coronado Beach, where the Governor of the State and his suite were waiting to receive His Royal Highness.

Next morning the Crown Prince visited many points of interest on horseback, and in the afternoon he was conveyed by steam-launch out to the bar, which formed the outer boundary to the San Diego River. There he received a salute, presumably from a guardship stationed there. Then at 10 p.m. the Royal train left for Pasadena, where His Royal Highness visited a large distillery and also an extensive vineyard; after which the party proceeded to Los Angeles, which, the third city in size of the United States, they reached at 5 p. m. There the Crown Prince drove by coach to visit the many points of interest, including a petroleum-well.

Next day, His Royal Highness left for Del Monte, a small but fashionable seaside resort, which possessed a capacious and very up-to-date hotel, and there he spent the day in sight-seeing in the interesting neighbourhood before dining at the hotel in question, and leaving at midnight for San Jose, where he arrived at day-

break. There he rode on horseback to view many of the local points of interest, after which he was conveyed in a coach drawn by six horses—a most unusual number—to visit Mr. Hamilton, and then took lunch at the hotel at the foot, preparatory to climbing up by coach-and-four over a zig-zag road to the world-renowned Lick Observatory, where, after dark, he viewed “Jupiter” through the great telescope. Unfortunately the sky was somewhat obscured, and therefore His Royal Highness was deprived of much of that great stellar spectacle which, had he been more fortunate, would have fallen to his lot. The Crown Prince then returned to the hotel, where he passed the night, before leaving on the following morning for Santa Cruz, where he proceeded to visit a celebrated forest containing particularly gigantic trees, one of which he was invited by the custodian of the locality to name. This he promptly did by christening it “The Crown Prince of Siam.” This fine sturdy monarch of the forest, it may be of interest to mention, measured 275 feet in height and 45 ft. in circumference, or, as our American friends would say—*some tree*.



MINISTRY OF COMMERCE,
SANAM JAYA ROAD,
AT FOOT OF CHAROENRATH BRIDGE.

กระทรวงพาณิชย์ ถนนสนามไชย
เชิงสะพานเจริญรัฐ



PALACE POLICE STATION.

After this, in the afternoon, the Royal train proceeded to San Francisco, arriving there at 5 o'clock, where he took up his residence at the Palace Hotel, in order to obtain a brief respite from the hustling life which had for some time up to that date been his lot. On the day following, he drove himself in a four-in-hand to take tea at the personal invitation of Mr. Homers King. Next day was spent largely in driving about the neighbourhood in a similar manner, in the course of which the local barraeks were inspected, before passing on to a hotel by the harbour, where he was visited by Mr. Woo Ting Fang, a Chinese gentleman who later became Minister for Foreign Affairs in the new Chinese Republican Ministry when it was formed in 1911 at Nanking under the presidency of the late Dr. Sun Yat Sen.

Next day, His Royal Highness and suite, and those of his hosts who were on the spot at the moment, were photographed as a souvenir of his stay in the U. S. A. That night he dined with Mr. King. Next day, he paid, by special invitation, a visit to the well-known Stanford University, where he partook of lunch at the Students' Club at the special request of its members. Then in the evening, Mr. De Young,

ที่ทำการตำรวจพระราชวัง

the proprietor of a newspaper called the "Chronicle" entertained His Royal Highness to dinner. The following day was spent in riding and driving in the neighbourhood.

Early on the following morning the Crown Prince received in audience a Japanese priest, who had come to America to teach the doctrines of Buddhism, and then, in the afternoon, he attended a race-meeting, before leaving shortly before midnight for Shasta Springs, where he arrived on the following morning after experiencing the coldness of the locality, where the surrounding mountains are at that time of the year covered with snow. Next day, he arrived at Portland, where he rested for a few hours before going on to Vancouver City, whence he quickly left for Victoria on Vancouver Island, where he was met by the Lieut.-Governor of British Columbia, Sir Henry Joli de Lotbinière, G.C.M.G., and his staff, who conducted him personally to the Driad Hotel.

Next morning, the 1st December, the Mayor of the city paid his respects to the Crown Prince and offered to accompany him in visiting the Lieut.-Governor; and then a visit was paid to a large saw-mill, after which he proceeded, on the invitation of the State Prime Minister to

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inspect the very fine Houses of Parliament for, be it noted, Victoria on Vancouver Island is the capital of the state of British Columbia, while Vancouver City is on the mainland. Incidentally there is a very small township also called Vancouver not far away over the United States boundary.

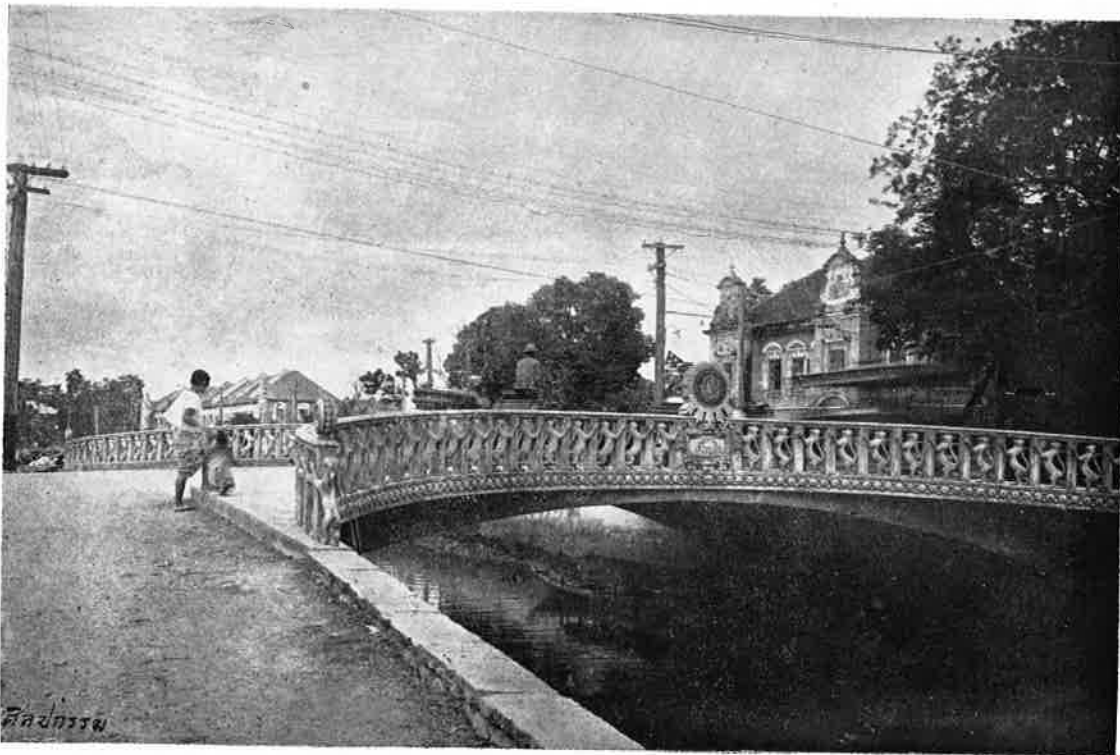
A visit to the Museum followed.

In the evening the Lieut.-Governor gave a dinner in His Royal Highness' honour, at which covers were laid for twenty-four. Then, at 1 a.m., he proceeded to board the Canadian Pacific Railway's fine liner the "Empress of China" en route for Yokohama. He was speeded on his way by Phya Akaraj, the Siamese Minister to Washington, Mr. Edward Loftus (Councillor to the Siamese Legation) and Professor Corps, and many others who had accompanied him during his journeyings throughout the United States, as well as all the local dignitaries.

The ship set sail at 2 a.m.

As regards the visit on the 1st December to Victoria, British Columbia, there are a few points the mention of which we think that His Majesty would endorse as only doing bare justice to a most charming spot on this earth's surface. To begin with, at that time the observatory there contained the largest telescope in the world, while the clean little harbour formed the jumping-off ground for Asia. Apart, also, from its being a very pretty spot with delicately curving bays, the climate is so influenced by what there is known as the Japan Stream that the severity of the winter season is greatly diminished; so much so, in fact, that quite a number of retired members of the Indian Civil Service have settled there, greatly to the advantage of the social life with which they blend so well,

Since His Majesty was in the city, the reclamation of the back portion of the old



CHAROENRATH BRIDGE.

สะพานเจริญรัฐ

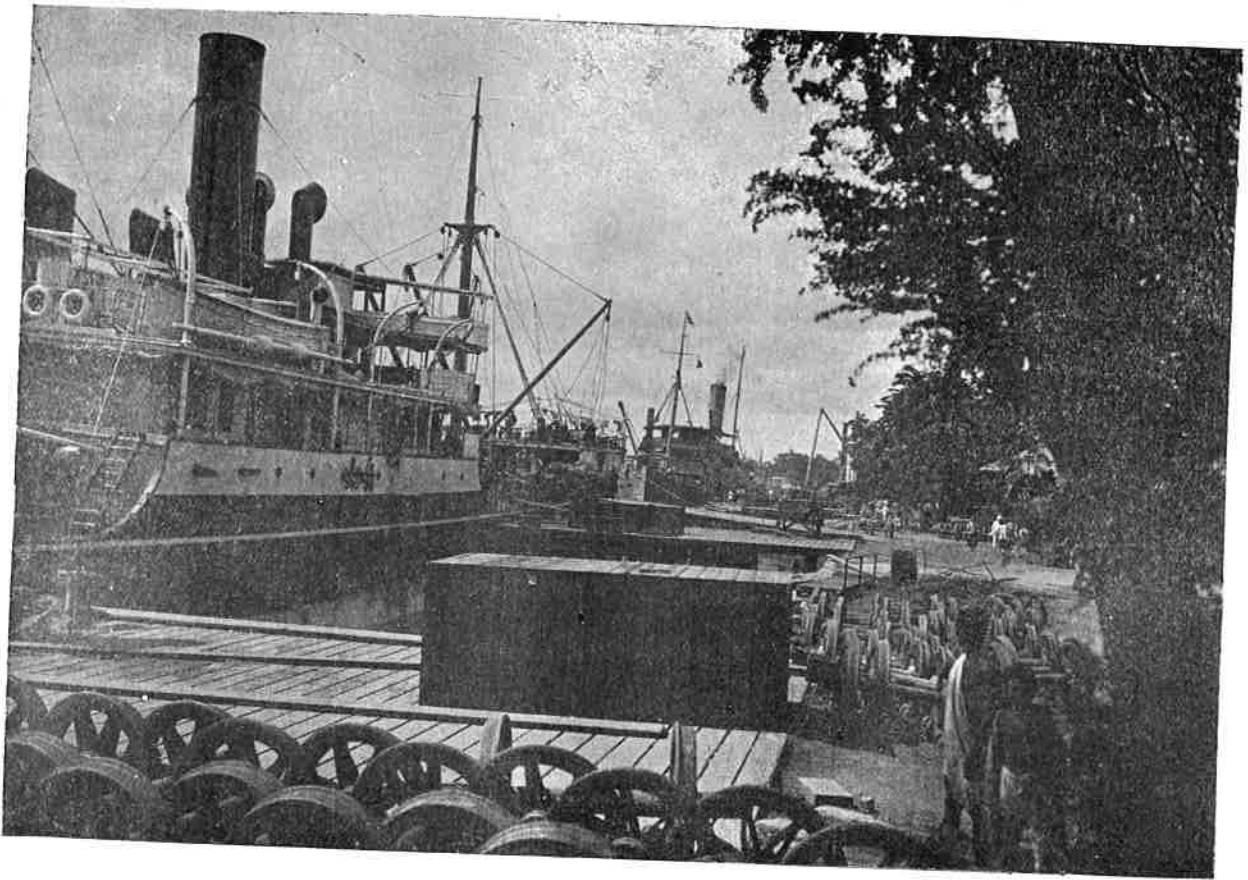
รุ่งขึ้นวันที่ ๒๔ พฤศจิกายน เสด็จฉายพระรูป
เวลาบ่ายพร้อมด้วยข้าราชการและชาวต่างประเทศที่
งามเสด็จด้วยในที่นั่งนั้น เพื่อเป็นที่ระลึกในการที่สม
ด็จพระบรมโอรสาธิราชเสด็จประเทศอเมริกา คั้นนั้น
สวค้ำที่บ้านนายโฮเมอร์คิง รุ่งขึ้นนายกรมหาวิทยาลัย
ลัย สแตนฟอร์ดเชิญ เสด็จ ทอด พระเนตร ตึก งามใน
มหาวิทยาลัย แล้วเชิญเสด็จเสวยกลางวันสโมสร
สถานของนักเรียน เวลาบ่ายเดอ ยัง เจ้าของหนังสือพิมพ์
ครอนิกเกิลเชิญเสด็จเสวยดินเนอร์ เข้าวัน
รุ่งขึ้นเสด็จทรงม้าและทรงรถประพาศในที่ใกล้เคียง.

วันที่ ๒๖ พฤศจิกายน เพลาเข้ามีพระสงฆ์ญี่ปุ่น
เข้าเฝ้า พระสงฆ์รูปนี้ได้มาในอเมริกาเพื่อแสดง
ธรรมเพาะ ความเลื่อมใสในทางพระพุทธศาสนาให้
แพร่หลาย เวลาบ่ายเสด็จทอดพระเนตรการแข่งขัน
เทียงคั้นประตัมรถไฟเสด็จต่อไป เวลาเที่ยงวันผ่าน
น้ำพุ ซาสตา สปริงส์ เห็นเขารอบนั้นเป็นอันมากปก
คลุมอยู่ด้วยหิมะ รุ่งขึ้นถึงพอร์ตแลนด์ ทรงพัก
ผ่อนพระอิริยาบถอยู่ชั่ว ๒ - ๓ นาฬิกาแล้วเสด็จ
แวนคูเวอร์ไปเกาะวิกตอเรียโดยด่วน เลฟเตอร์
แนทท์ก็ฟเวอเนอร์ประจำโคลัมเบียของอังกฤษ กับ



GRAND PROCESSION ON FOOT ON THE OCCASION OF
H. M. THE KING'S PRESENTATION OF KATHIN GIFTS
AT RAJ PABIDHA MONASTERY,
ACCORDING TO ROYAL USAGE.

ขบวนพยุหยาตราขอย
เสด็จพระราชทานพระกฐิน ณ วัดราชบพิธ.



BANGKOK WHARF SYNDICATE.

ท่าเรือสินค้า กรุงเทพฯ

sacrifice of himself in the public interest. By his untimely end, there is no doubt that His Majesty and the whole nation lost a trusty follower and an invariably faithful friend.

Returning to the Crown Prince's arrival on Japan's coast, there were many others who were there to receive him, including Phra Rajavarindr, Luang Sakd, and Phya Rajanuprabhand, the Siamese Minister to Tokyo. The party of welcome came out from the wharf at Yokohama and invited His Royal Highness to proceed to the Siamese Royal yacht, the "Maha Chakri," which had been sent north to receive him, and he was greeted further by a general salute from the guns of the numerous warships which were at the time lying in the harbour. Then, on landing, the Crown Prince was officially welcomed on behalf of the Mikado by His Imperial Highness Prince Komatsu and

by Prince Fushimi, as well as by the Master of Ceremonies at the Imperial Court. His Royal Highness was then conducted over the brief space which separates Yokohama from Tokyo to the Shiba Palace, which was placed at his disposal during his stay; and, at the same time, a communication was received from His Imperial Highness the Crown Prince of Japan regretting that illness had caused both his consort and himself to retire previously to the country for a change, thereby depriving them of the opportunity of greeting their Royal visitor in person.

That night a special exhibition was given by a Japanese magician, and then, early on the following morning, a visit was paid to a cavalry riding-school, to a veterinary establishment devoted to the care of horses, and to a regimental farrier's workshop. Then, after

lunch, a Japanese professional fan designer, sent specially by the Mikado, gave an excellent exhibition of his craft; following which, His Royal Highness witnessed an interesting exhibition of old-time tourney fighting on horseback. In the afternoon, at 5 o'clock, he paid his visit of state to the Emperor, following which he was entertained to dinner at the Grand Palace, at which the Empress was present in person. Afterwards, the members of the Crown Prince's suite were presented to the Mikado, and this ceremony was followed by a similar one in which the distinguished Japanese official guests were made known to their Royal visitor.

On the next morning (Dec. 18), a demonstration of catching fish in nets was given at a large pond in front of the Palace, and at 11 o'clock the Mikado paid a state visit to the Crown Prince and conferred on him the Order of the Chrysanthemum. Then, in the afternoon, the Prince paid official visits to various Princes, nobles and ministers of the Crown, and, following dinner, a demonstration in whip-top manufacture and spinning was given by a

troupe of clever Japanese artistes.

At 9 a.m. on the following day, His Royal Highness proceeded to review nearly 6,000 of the Imperial Guards, Prince Fushimi and the Commander of the Guards in question accompanying him on horseback. At noon, lunch was taken at the Austrian Embassy, which also at that time represented its country's interests in far-off Siam; and at 3 p.m. the Prince received at his own residence the Prime Minister and other ministers of State, together with other prominent Japanese officials; after which, at 4 o'clock all the Foreign Ministers accredited to Japan paid a visit of ceremony to His Royal Highness. In the evening, the latter entertained to dinner members of the Royal Family and the Ministers of State; after which, a remarkably clever performance of lightning modelling of fruit and animals in dough was witnessed.

At 9 a.m. next day, the Crown Prince visited the headquarters of the Imperial Bodyguard, and also the Tokyo arsenal, where he lunched in a garden contained within its precincts; after which he inspected the Cadets'



PLOUGHING CEREMONY.

พระราชพิธีจรดพระนังคัลแรกนาขวัญ

AFTER LEAVING EUROPE.



KING CHULALONGKORN, AND HIS LATE MAJESTY AND
THOSE DESCENDANTS WHO WERE DIRECTLY ELIGIBLE
AS SUCCESSORS TO THE THRONE.

พระบาทสมเด็จพระปรมินทรมหาจุฬาลงกรณ์ พระจุลจอมเกล้า
เจ้าอยู่หัว กับ พระบรมราชโอรส

There he was received by the Governor and chief priests, who conducted him to the Grand Hotel.

On the next day, he visited several places of interest in the neighbourhood, including Hashiman and Kamakura, where there exists in the open air a huge statue of Buddha known as the "Daibutsu;" and there, close by, he planted two trees in commemoration of his visit. Thence he proceeded by rickshaw down a narrow lane which took him to the sea-shore, where he crossed a wooden bridge to a small

island called Enoshima, where an ancient temple is maintained in a well-preserved state. There also he inspected a village where there is a special market for sea-shells, before returning by electric tram to Yokohama, where at dinner-time the band of the "Maha Chakri" was in attendance at the Grand Hotel—one of those fine buildings, by the way, which suffered from the general destruction which followed the terrible earthquake of a few years ago.

On the 28th December, after a group photograph had been taken, His Royal Highness

หรือที่เรียกกันว่าญิวญิตสุ เสวยดินเนอร์แล้วทอดพระเนตรการแสดงผลภาพยนตร์.

วันที่ ๒๒ ธันวาคม สมเด็จพระบรมโอรสาธิราชเสด็จประทับรถไฟพิเศษไปโยโกซูกาซึ่งเป็นฐานทัพเรือของญี่ปุ่นแห่ง ๑ ถึงโยโกซูกาแล้ว เสด็จบนเรือรบหลายลำ ทอดพระเนตรการใช้ปืนใหญ่ในเรือและการใช้ตอร์ปิโด และได้ทอดพระเนตรคลังเก็บลูกกระบอกกับเครื่องอาวุธวิทยาศาสตร์ต่างๆ ซึ่งใช้ในการสงคราม.

ครั้นแล้วเสด็จทอดพระเนตรโรงเรียนช่างกลและที่พักของทหารเรือที่อาซากิ ซึ่งเป็นโรงงานทำเรือและเรือรบ เสวยกลางวันในโรงทหารเรือ เสด็จกลับถึงกรุงโตเกียวเวลา ๖.๓๐ ล.ท. คำวันนั้นเสวยดิน-

เนอร์ที่เมเปอลคลับ ซึ่งเสนาบดีกระทรวงพระราชพิธีได้มีถวายเป็นพระเกียรติยศ และอาหารนั้นจัดอย่างแบบญี่ปุ่นทุกอย่างทั้งมีหญิงญี่ปุ่น รุ่งสาวมาจ้บระบำและขับร้องอย่างแบบ ญี่ปุ่นถวายให้ทอดพระเนตร.

รุ่งเช้าเสด็จทอดพระเนตรมหาวิทยาลัย และโรงพยาบาลผ่าตัดซึ่งเป็นของมหาวิทยาลัย ได้จัดเป็นพิเศษสำหรับให้นักเรียนฝึกหัดด้วย เวลาบ่ายเสด็จเสวยกลางวันที่เรสเตอรองต์อูเยโนไซโยเกน ซึ่งเป็นภัตตาคารออกหน้าตา แล้วเสด็จทอดพระเนตรพิพิธภัณฑ์สถาน เวลาค่ำพระยาราชานุประพันธ์ ซึ่งเวลานั้นยังเป็นอรรคราชทูตประจำกรุงโตเกียวได้มีดินเนอร์ถวายที่อิมปีเรียลโฮเต็ล เชิญเสนาบดี



HIS LATE MAJESTY RAMA V AND HIS CHILDREN
AT TAPLOW COURT, ENGLAND 1893

พระบาทสมเด็จพระรามาธิบดีที่ ๕ กับพระบรมราชโอรส
นายทศปโต คอวิต, ประเทศอังกฤษ พ.ศ. ๒๔๓๖